College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

The K-5 standards on the following pages define what students should understand and be able to do by the end of each grade. They correspond to the College and Career Readiness (CCR) anchor standards below by number. The CCR and grade-specific standards are necessary complements—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity—that together define the skills and understandings that all students must demonstrate.

Text Types and Purposes*

- 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

- 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
- 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.
- 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Note on range and content of student writing

To build a foundation for college and career readiness, students need to learn to use writing as a way of offering and supporting opinions, demonstrating understanding of the subjects they are studying, and conveying real and imagined experiences and events. They learn to appreciate that a key purpose of writing is to communicate clearly to an external, sometimes unfamiliar audience, and they begin to adapt the form and content of their writing to accomplish a particular task and purpose. They develop the capacity to build knowledge on a subject through research projects and to respond analytically to literary and informational sources. To meet these goals, students must devote significant time and effort to writing, producing numerous pieces over short and extended time frames throughout the vear.

^{*}These broad types of writing include many subgenres. See Appendix A for definitions of key writing types.

The following standards for K-5 offer a focus for instruction each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills and applications. Each year in their writing, students should demonstrate increasing sophistication in all aspects of language use, from vocabulary and syntax to the development and organization of ideas, and they should address increasingly demanding content and sources. Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades. The expected growth in student writing ability is reflected both in the standards themselves and in the collection of annotated student writing samples in Appendix C.

	Kindergartners:		Grade 1 students:		Grade 2 students:	
Tex	Text Types and Purposes					
1.	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is).	1.	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.	1.	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.	
2.	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.	2.	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.	2.	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.	
3.	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.	3.	Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.	3.	Write narratives in which they recount a well- elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.	
Production and Distribution of Writing						
4.	(Begins in grade 3)	4.	(Begins in grade 3)	4.	(Begins in grade 3)	
5.	With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	5.	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	5.	With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.	
6.	With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	6.	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	6.	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	
Res	Research to Build and Present Knowledge					
7.	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).	7.	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).	7.	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).	
8.	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	8.	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	8.	Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	
9.	(Begins in grade 4)	9.	(Begins in grade 4)	9.	(Begins in grade 4)	
Range of Writing						
10.	(Begins in grade 3)	10.	(Begins in grade 3)	10.	(Begins in grade 3)	

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d. Provide a sense of closure.

and clauses to manage the sequence of events.

d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events

e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the

narrated experiences or events.

Grade 5 students: Grade 3 students: Grade 4 students: Text Types and Purposes 1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a 1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. a point of view with reasons. point of view with reasons and information. a. Introduce the topic or text they are writing a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an about, state an opinion, and create an opinion, and create an organizational structure opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support in which ideas are logically grouped to support organizational structure that lists reasons. the writer's purpose. the writer's purpose. b. Provide reasons that support the opinion. b. Provide logically ordered reasons that are b. Provide reasons that are supported by facts c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, and details. supported by facts and details. therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. c. Link opinion and reasons using words and c. Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically). d. Provide a concluding statement or section. addition). d. Provide a concluding statement or section d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. related to the opinion presented. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. topic and convey ideas and information clearly. topic and convey ideas and information clearly. a. Introduce a topic and group related a. Introduce a topic clearly and group related a. Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general information together; include illustrations information in paragraphs and sections; observation and focus, and group related when useful to aiding comprehension. include formatting (e.g., headings), information logically; include formatting (e.g., illustrations, and multimedia when useful to headings), illustrations, and multimedia when b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and useful to aiding comprehension. aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, concrete details, quotations, or other concrete details, quotations, or other another, and, more, but) to connect ideas information and examples related to the topic. information and examples related to the topic. within categories of information. c. Link ideas within categories of information c. Link ideas within and across categories of d. Provide a concluding statement or section. using words and phrases (e.g., another, for information using words, phrases, and clauses example, also, because). (e.g., in contrast, especially). d. Use precise language and domain-specific d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the vocabulary to inform about or explain the e. Provide a concluding statement or section e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation related to the information or explanation presented. presented. Write narratives to develop real or imagined Write narratives to develop real or imagined 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, experiences or events using effective technique, experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. descriptive details, and clear event sequences. descriptive details, and clear event sequences. a. Establish a situation and introduce a narrator a. Orient the reader by establishing a a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and/or characters; organize an event sequence situationand introducing a narrator and/or and introducing a narrator and/or characters; characters; organize an event sequence that organize an event sequence that unfolds that unfolds naturally. unfolds naturally. naturally. b. Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences b. Use dialogue and description to develop b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, and events or show the response of characters experiences and events or show the responses description, and pacing, to develop to situations. of characters to situations. experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations. c. Use temporal words and phrases to signal c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases event order. to manage the sequence of events. c. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases,

d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events

e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

precisely.

	Grade 3 students:		Grade 4 students:		Grade 5 students:
Pro	duction and Distribution of Writing				
4.	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)	4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)	4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)
5.	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 3 on pages 28 and 29.)	5.	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 4 on pages 28 and 29.)	5.	With guidance and support from peers and adult develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-up to and including grade 5 on pages 28 and 29.)
ô.	With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.	6.	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.	6.	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting.
Res	search to Build and Present Knowledge				
7.	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.	7.	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.	7.	Conduct short research projects that use severa sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
3.	Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.	8.	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.	8.	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digit sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.
9.	(Begins in grade 4)	9.	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	9.	Draw evidence from literary or informational tex to support analysis, reflection, and research.
			 a. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions]."). 		 a. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literatur (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]").
			 Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text"). 		 Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]").
Rar	nge of Writing				
10.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	10.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	10.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, an audiences.